

Underfloor Heating

E 4.0 General Information

E 4.1 Clip System Information

General information on the clip system with underfloor heating

These instructions apply to 22 and 14 mm thick solid boards incl. Ship's Decking and 20.5 mm thick solid wide boards incl. Ship's Decking laid with clips on concrete or screeded subfloors with built-in underfloor heating.

Please note that full documentation of a floor system laid on a subfloor with underfloor heating comprises the data in E 4.0 and E 4.1

Reference is also made to Junckers Clip System, → C 1.1.

Clip system on concrete or screeded subfloor with cast-in heating pipes

The clip system can be laid on concrete or screeded subfloors with cast-in heating pipes or cables. It is extremely important that the floor heating system is designed to achieve a stable temperature across the surface of the concrete or screed. The following applies to heating pipes in concrete or screeded floors:

To ensure an even temperature distribution, on casting there must be min. 30 mm of concrete or screed above the heating pipes. The pipes should not be spaced more than 300 mm apart, and the cables not more than 150 mm apart.

Before the Junckers floor is laid the heating system must have been in operation for at least 2 weeks at 2/3 power and 2 days at full power. During this period the room must be ventilated briefly every day. The moisture content of the concrete or screed must not exceed 65%RH.

For clip systems laid on concrete or screed, with cast-in heating pipes or cables an intermediate layer of Polyfilit (UK: Polylay) is used and beneath it a 0.20 mm PE membrane with a 200 mm overlap, taped at the joints and turned up at the walls.

Components in Fig. 3

- 1 - Boards/wide boards**
 - 22 mm boards
 - 22 mm ship's decking
 - 20.5 mm wide boards
 - 20.5 mm ship's decking
 - 14 mm boards
- 2 - Clips**
- 3 - Intermediate layer**
 - Polyfilit (UK: Polylay)
- 4 - Extra moisture barrier**
 - 0.20 mm PE membrane
- 5 - Concrete or screeded subfloor**
- 6 - Heating pipes or cables**
- 7 - Reinforcement wire**
- 8 - Insulation**
- 9 - Concrete deck**

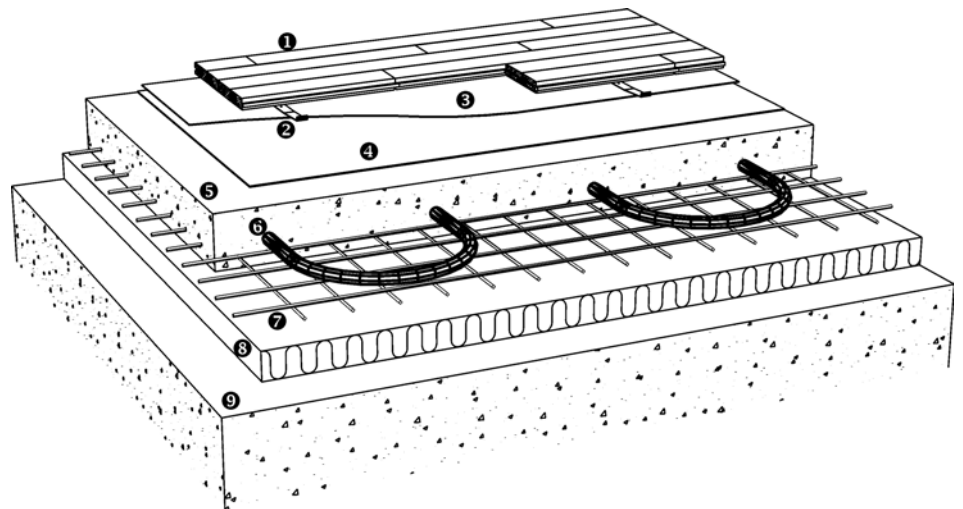


Fig. 3 - Floor heating in concrete (outline sketch)

Fig. 2

Clip system on concrete with electrical heating mat

The clip system can be laid on concrete subfloors with a heating mat installed on the surface.

To protect the heating elements and to ensure an even heat distribution, cover the heating mat with a cementitious layer min. 6 mm thick. Prime the subfloor with floor primer before laying the heating mat.

In renovation work where the heating system is installed on an existing dry subfloor the clip system can be laid as soon as the cementitious layer is dry to 65% and ready for covering. Follow the manufacturers instructions.

In cases where the heating mats are installed on to a new concrete subfloor, the floor can be laid when the temperature and humidity of the building correspond to the expected future climatic conditions of the building when in use, approximately 35-65% RH, approx. 20°C (DK). The residual moisture of the concrete must not exceed 65%RH → **C 1.0 General Information**. This can e.g. be achieved by turning on the floor heating system as required according to the conditions. During this period the room must be ventilated briefly every day.

An intermediate layer of Polyfilit (UK Polylay) is used for clip systems laid on subfloors with heating mats. Under this is laid a 0.20 PE membrane with a 200 mm overlap taped at the joints and turned up at the walls behind skirting boards.

Components in Fig. 5

- 1 - Boards/wide boards**
 - 22 mm boards
 - 22 mm ship's decking
 - 20.5 mm wide boards
 - 20.5 mm ship's decking
 - 14 mm boards
 - 14 mm ship's decking
- 2 - Clips**
- 3 - Intermediate layer**
 - Polyfilit
- 4 - Extra moisture barrier**
 - 0.20 mm PE membrane
- 5 - Cementitious layer**
 - min. 6 mm
- 6 - Heating mat**
- 7 - Concrete subfloor**

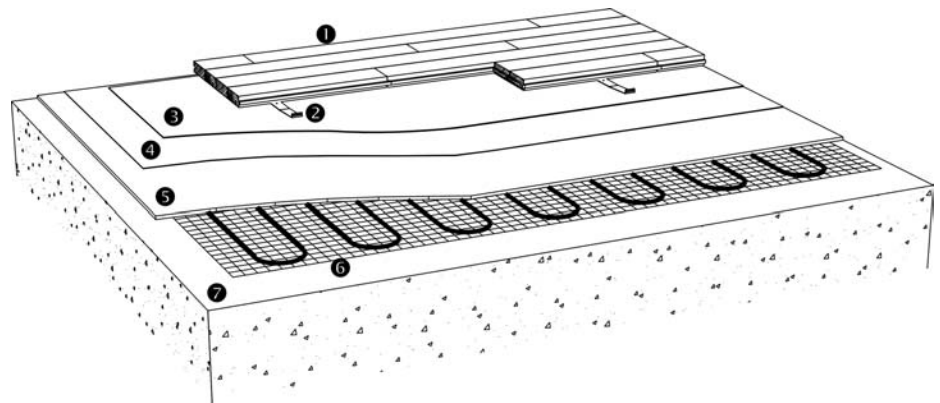


Fig. 4

Fig. 5 - Subfloor with surface heating pipe mat (outline sketch)

Components in figure 7

1 - Boards/wide boards

- 22 mm boards¹
- 22 mm ship's decking¹
- 20.5 mm wide boards¹
- 20.5 mm ship's decking¹
- 14 mm boards¹

1) 22mm/20.5mm

For residential and commercial/light industrial:

The clip system is laid directly on the heat-distribution plates without using loads-distribution boards.

For industrial, public buildings and shops:

The clip system is laid on a load-distribution board* of minimum 3 mm masonite or similar, alternatively 10 mm chipboard.

2) 14 mm

For residential and commercial/light industrial:

The clip system is laid on a load-distribution board* of minimum 3 mm masonite, alternatively 10 mm chipboard.

For industrial, public buildings and shops:

The clip system is laid on a load-distribution board of 10 mm chipboard

*) The load-distribution board is laid on the heat-distribution plates and under the intermediate layer.

2 - Clips

3 - Intermediate layer

- Floor cardboard, 500 g/m²
- Optional load-distribution board.
→ Fig. 6 - notes

4 - Heat-distribution plates

5 - Heating pipes

6 - Polystyrene boards

- Density, min. 30 kg/m³

7 - Moisture barrier

- 0.15 mm PE membrane

8 - Concrete subfloor

Fig.6

Clip system on polystyrene boards with heating pipes

The clip system with 22 and 14 mm solid boards or 20.5 mm solid wide boards can be laid on an underlay of polystyrene with the heating pipes set in heat-distribution plates. The intermediate layer is Junckers floor cardboard, 500 g/m².

To ensure that the floor surface is sufficiently elastic, and depending on the board thickness, the load capability and the density of the polystyrene, it may be necessary to incorporate a load-distribution board, such as chipboard, under the clip system. → Figure 6 - notes

For further information please refer to the Specifier's Information for the individual floor systems.

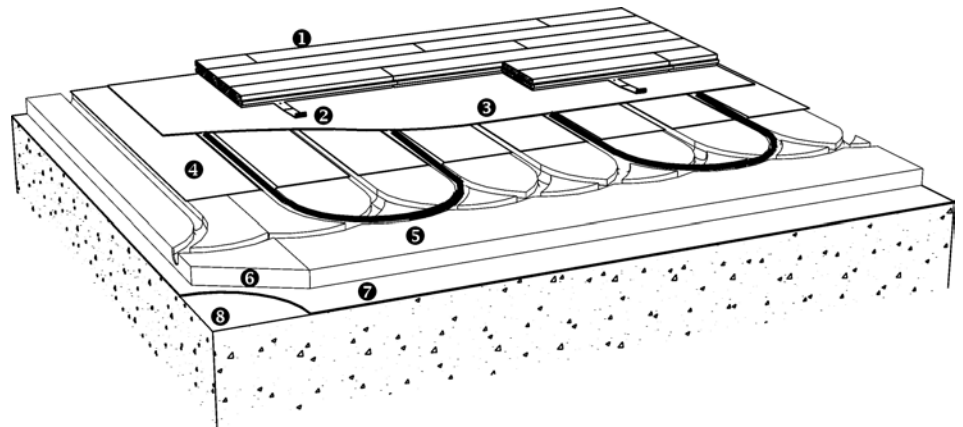


Fig. 7 - Floor heating in polystyrene boards with heat-distribution plates (outline sketch)