ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

Owner of the Declaration Kuraray Europe GmbH

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Ionoplast film (SentryGlas®) interlayer Kuraray Europe GmbH

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General Information Kuraray Europe GmbH Ionoplast film (SentryGlas®) interlayer Programme holder Owner of the declaration IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Kuraray Europe GmbH Hegelplatz 1 Philipp-Reis-Str. 4 10117 Berlin 65795 Hattersheim Germany Germany **Declaration number** Declared product / declared unit EPD-KUR-20230073-CBA1-EN SentryGlas® The declared unit is 1 m². This declaration is based on the product category rules: Scope: Plate glass for construction and interlayers, 01.09.2022 SentryGlas® produced in Holesov, Czech Republic. (PCR checked and approved by the SVR) The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences. Issue date The EPD was created according to the specifications of EN 15804+A2. In 12.05.2023 the following, the standard will be simplified as EN 15804. Verification Valid to The standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR 11.05.2028 Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025:2011 internally X externally Dipl.-Ing. Hans Peters (Chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.) llum Man Peter Dipl.-Ing. Hans Peters Dr. Matthew Fishwick, (Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.) (Independent verifier)



Product

Product description/Product definition

SentryGlas[®] films are tough, resilient safety interlayers used in laminated architectural safety glass. These SentryGlas[®] interlayers offer safety advantages by retaining dangerous shards in case of glass breakage. They are commonly used safety glass interlayers available worldwide.

This EPD covers SentryGlas® produced in Holseov, Czech Republic. Product codes: SentryGlas®, SentryGlas® Xtra, SentryGlas® translucent white.

For the use and application of the product, the respective national provisions at the place of use apply; in Germany, for example, the building codes of the federal states and the corresponding national specifications.

Application

SentryGlas[®] interlayers need to be laminated between two pieces of glass.

This sandwich arrangement is called laminated safety glass according to *EN ISO 14449*.

Technical Data

For calculating the light, solar and heat parameters of glazing specifically containing films from the Trosifol[®] & SentryGlas[®] product range please go to: https://www.trosifol.com/winslt-tool/

Sound Control data can be found here: https://www.trosifol.com/soundlab-ai/

The following data are valid for SentryGlas[®]. Other product's data can be found in our laminator brochure: https://www.trosifol.com/de/salessupport/downloads/produktbroschueren/

Constructional data

Name	Value	Unit
Refractive index acc. to DIN EN ISO 489	1.49	-
Thermal conductivity acc. to DIN EN 993-15	0.26	W/mK
Thermal expansion coefficient acc. to ISO 11359-2	0.00013	K-1
Specific heat capacity	1.5	kJ/kgK
Surface resistivity acc. to DIN 53482	1E+13	Ω

Performance data of the product with respect to its characteristics in accordance with the relevant technical provision (no CE-marking).

Base materials/Ancillary materials

The main constituents of SentryGlas[®] interlayer are (in mass percentages):

- -SentryGlas® Resin ~99 %
- -Additives <1 %
- 1) This product contains substances listed in the candidate list (date: 17.01.2023) exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: **no**
- 2) This product contains other Carcinogenic, Mutagenic, Reprotoxic (CMR) substances in categories 1A or 1B which are not on *the candidate list*, exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: **no**
- 3) Biocide products were added to this construction product or it has been treated with biocide products (this then concerns a treated product as defined by the (EU) *Ordinance on Biocide Products No. 528/2012*): **no**

Reference service life

The reference service life is typically determined by the glass and not by the interlayer.

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared Unit

This declaration refers to the declared unit of 1m^2 of lonoplast film. The grammage of the lonoplast film is 0.93 kg/m^2 .

Declared unit

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m ²
Grammage	0.93	kg/m^2
Layer thickness	0.00076	m
Density	0.97	g/cm^3

System boundary

The type of EPD is cradle-to-gate with options, modules C1–C4, and module D (A1–A3, C, D and additional module A5).

In the following section, a detailed description of the specific system boundaries is given:

Module A1 to A3:

The product stage includes the provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during the product stage. These modules consider the manufacturing of system components/raw materials, the transport to the

production site and the production processes of the products under study. The impact of packaging materials is included.

Module A5:

Treatment and disposal of packaging material. Credits for potential avoided burdens due to energy substitution of electricity and thermal energy generation are declared in module D and affect only the rate of primary material (no secondary materials).

Module C1 to C4:

The end-of-life scenarios are as follows:

- C1 Deconstruction/demolition: Dismantling is manual (no environmental burden).
- C2 Transport to treatment/disposal site: Average transport distance from the demolition site to waste treatment is assumed as 50 km to the landfill.
- C3 Waste processing for reuse, recovery or recycling: No waste processing (no environmental burden).
- C4 Disposal: Ionoplast film is 100 % landfilled.

Module D:

For the thermal and electrical energy generated in Module A5 due to the thermal treatment of packaging and product waste, avoided burdens have been calculated by the inversion of the electricity grid mix and thermal energy from natural gas, using European datasets.



Geographic Representativeness

Land or region, in which the declared product system is manufactured, used or handled at the end of the product's lifespan: Europe

Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

Background datasets: GaBi ts 10.6 software and GaBi

Professional 2022.1 LCI database.

LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

Characteristic product properties biogenic carbon

Biogenic carbon is only present in the packaging (wooden pallets).

Assumed water content in wooden pallets (packaging): 18 %. Assumed carbon content: dry wood mass consists of 50 % biogenic carbon.

The biogenic carbon content of the packaging is: 0.1294 kg pallet/declared unit * 0.82 *0.5 kg C / kg pallet (abs. dry) = 0.0531 kg C/declared unit.

Information on describing the biogenic Carbon Content at factory gate

Name	Value	Unit
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	0.0531	kg C

The following technical scenario information is required for the declared modules.

Installation into the building (A5)

The packaging material treatment and disposal are also considered in module A5.

Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on site (packaging material)	0.1379	kg

End of life (C1-C4)

The end-of-life scenarios are as follows:

C1 – The deconstruction of the lonoplast film is assumed to be done manually. Therefore, no environmental loads for the dismantling of this product are considered.

C2 - Transport to treatment/disposal site: Average transport distance from the demolition site to waste treatment is assumed as 50 km to landfill.

C4 – Disposal: The lonoplast film is 100% landfilled.

Name	Value	Unit
Collected as mixed construction waste	0.93	kg
Landfilling	0.93	kg

Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

For the thermal and electrical energy generated in Module A5 due to the thermal treatment of packaging, avoided burdens have been calculated by the inversion of the electricity grid mix and thermal energy from natural gas, using European datasets.



LCA: Results

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; ND = MODULE OR INDICATOR NOT DECLARED; MNR = MODULE NOT RELEVANT)

Product stage Construction process stage				Use stage							End of life stage			Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries			
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	Χ	Х	Х	MND	Х	MND	MND	MNR	MNR	MNR	MND	MND	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	X

RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m² lonoplast film (SentryGlas®) interlayer										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
GWP-total	kg CO ₂ eq	3.37E+00	2.2E-01	0	2.87E-03	0	6.59E-02	-7.45E-02		
GWP-fossil	kg CO ₂ eq	3.55E+00	3.01E-02	0	2.87E-03	0	6.59E-02	-7.41E-02		
GWP-biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq	-1.89E-01	1.9E-01	0	0	0	0	-3.79E-04		
GWP-luluc	kg CO ₂ eq	5.49E-04	2.01E-06	0	1.94E-05	0	3.21E-05	-8.15E-06		
ODP	kg CFC11 eq	7.77E-12	1.56E-14	0	2.82E-16	0	8.85E-14	-5.02E-13		
AP	mol H ⁺ eq	6.79E-03	3.11E-05	0	9.46E-06	0	1.95E-04	-9.75E-05		
EP-freshwater	kg P eq	3.8E-06	4.54E-09	0	1.03E-08	0	1.23E-05	-1.02E-07		
EP-marine	kg N eq	2.17E-03	1.01E-05	0	4.32E-06	0	4.32E-05	-2.64E-05		
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq	2.36E-02	1.49E-04	0	4.83E-05	0	4.74E-04	-2.83E-04		
POCP	kg NMVOC eq	6.36E-03	2.7E-05	0	8.51E-06	0	1.39E-04	-7.4E-05		
ADPE	kg Sb eq	5.52E-05	4.21E-10	0	2.9E-10	0	4.57E-09	-1.12E-08		
ADPF	MJ	9.32E+01	4.84E-02	0	3.78E-02	0	9.35E-01	-1.26E+00		
WDP	m ³ world eq deprived	9.1E-01	2.23E-02	0	3.22E-05	0	-6.5E-04	-7.9E-03		

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential)

RESULTS OF THE LCA - INDICATORS TO DESCRIBE RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m² lonoplast film (SentryGlas®) interlayer

Unit	A1-A3	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
MJ	1.12E+01	1.92E+00	0	2.62E-03	0	7.69E-02	-3.47E-01
MJ	1.91E+00	-1.91E+00	0	0	0	0	0
MJ	1.31E+01	1.03E-02	0	2.62E-03	0	7.69E-02	-3.47E-01
MJ	5.67E+01	4.32E-01	0	3.79E-02	0	3.86E+01	-1.26E+00
MJ	3.8E+01	-3.83E-01	0	0	0	-3.77E+01	0
MJ	9.47E+01	4.85E-02	0	3.79E-02	0	9.36E-01	-1.26E+00
kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m ³	3.58E-02	5.25E-04	0	3.02E-06	0	1.21E-05	-3.33E-04
	MJ MJ MJ MJ MJ kg MJ	MJ 1.12E+01 MJ 1.91E+00 MJ 1.31E+01 MJ 5.67E+01 MJ 3.8E+01 MJ 9.47E+01 kg 0 MJ 0 MJ 0	MJ 1.12E+01 1.92E+00 MJ 1.91E+00 -1.91E+00 MJ 1.31E+01 1.03E-02 MJ 5.67E+01 4.32E-01 MJ 3.8E+01 -3.83E-01 MJ 9.47E+01 4.85E-02 kg 0 0 MJ 0 0 MJ 0 0	MJ 1.12E+01 1.92E+00 0 MJ 1.91E+00 -1.91E+00 0 MJ 1.31E+01 1.03E-02 0 MJ 5.67E+01 4.32E-01 0 MJ 3.8E+01 -3.83E-01 0 MJ 9.47E+01 4.85E-02 0 kg 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0	MJ 1.12E+01 1.92E+00 0 2.62E-03 MJ 1.91E+00 -1.91E+00 0 0 MJ 1.31E+01 1.03E-02 0 2.62E-03 MJ 5.67E+01 4.32E-01 0 3.79E-02 MJ 3.8E+01 -3.83E-01 0 0 MJ 9.47E+01 4.85E-02 0 3.79E-02 kg 0 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 0	MJ 1.12E+01 1.92E+00 0 2.62E-03 0 MJ 1.91E+00 -1.91E+00 0 0 0 MJ 1.31E+01 1.03E-02 0 2.62E-03 0 MJ 5.67E+01 4.32E-01 0 3.79E-02 0 MJ 3.8E+01 -3.83E-01 0 0 0 MJ 9.47E+01 4.85E-02 0 3.79E-02 0 kg 0 0 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 0 0	MJ 1.12E+01 1.92E+00 0 2.62E-03 0 7.69E-02 MJ 1.91E+00 -1.91E+00 0 0 0 0 MJ 1.31E+01 1.03E-02 0 2.62E-03 0 7.69E-02 MJ 5.67E+01 4.32E-01 0 3.79E-02 0 3.86E+01 MJ 3.8E+01 -3.83E-01 0 0 0 -3.77E+01 MJ 9.47E+01 4.85E-02 0 3.79E-02 0 9.36E-01 kg 0 0 0 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 0 0 MJ 0 0 0 0 0

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

RESULTS OF THE LCA – WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m² lonoplast film (SentryGlas®) interlaver

The follopiast him (Gentry Glassy) interlayer										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
HWD	kg	4.83E-09	4.16E-12	0	2.01E-13	0	1.44E-10	-1.71E-10		
NHWD	kg	2.79E-02	1.49E-03	0	6.18E-06	0	9.26E-01	-6.37E-04		
RWD	kg	2.78E-03	2.55E-06	0	7.04E-08	0	1.15E-05	-9.94E-05		
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
EEE	MJ	0	3.34E-01	0	0	0	0	0		
EET	MJ	0	5.98E-01	0	0	0	0	0		



HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

RESULTS OF THE LCA – additional impact categories according to EN 15804+A2-optional: 1 m² lonoplast film (SentryGlas®) interlayer

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
РМ	Disease incidence	8.5E-08	1.56E-10	0	5.58E-11	0	1.88E-09	-8.08E-10
IR	kBq U235 eq	2.42E-01	4.17E-04	0	1.06E-05	0	1.7E-03	-1.68E-02
ETP-fw	CTUe	2.91E+01	2.33E-02	0	2.68E-02	0	9.15E-01	-2.77E-01
HTP-c	CTUh	1.01E-09	1.45E-12	0	5.52E-13	0	4.11E-11	-1.27E-11
HTP-nc	CTUh	4.94E-08	5.19E-11	0	3.41E-11	0	3.44E-09	-4.88E-10
SQP	SQP	3.26E+01	1.44E-02	0	1.6E-02	0	6.73E-02	-2.25E-01

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions; IR = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (cancerogenic); HTP-nc = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (not cancerogenic); SQP = Potential soil quality index

Disclaimer 1 – for the indicator 'Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235'. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure or radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 – for the indicators 'abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources', 'abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources', 'water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption', 'potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems', 'potential comparative toxic unit for humans – cancerogenic', 'Potential comparative toxic unit for humans – not cancerogenic', 'potential soil quality index'. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high as there is limited experience with the indicator.

References

Standards

DIN 53482

DIN 53482:1967-01, Testing of Insulating Materials; Determination of Electrical Resistances Values.

DIN EN ISO 489

DIN EN ISO 489:1999-08, Plastics - Determination of the refractive index (ISO 489:1999).

DIN EN 993-15

DIN EN 993-15:2005-07, Methods of test for dense shaped refractory products - Part 15: Determination of thermal conductivity by the hot-wire (parallel) method.

EN 15804

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019+AC:2021, Sustainability of construction works Environmental Product Declarations Core rules for the product category of construction products.

EN ISO 14449

EN 14449:2005/AC:2005, Glass in building - Laminated glass and laminated safety glass - Evaluation of conformity/Product standard.

ISO 11359-2

ISO 11359-2:2021-11, Plastics - Thermomechanical analysis (TMA) - Part 2: Determination of coefficient of linear thermal expansion and glass transition temperature.

ISO 14025

EN ISO 14025:2011, Environmental labels and declarations Type III environmental declarations Principles and procedures.

Further References

Candidate list

Candidate List of substances of very high concern for

Authorisation, published on ECHA website, latest version 17.01.2023 (https://echa.europa.eu/candidatelist-table)

GaBi

GaBi Software System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering, 1992-2021, Sphera Solutions GmbH, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, with acknowledgement of LBP University of Stuttgart, program version GaBi 10; database version 2022.1.

GaBi documentation

GaBi dataset documentation for the software system and databases, LBP, University of Stuttgart and Sphera Solutions GmbH, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 2021. (http://www.gabi-software.com/support/gabi/gabi[1]database-2021-lci-documentation/)

IBU 2021

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.: General Instructions for the EPD programme of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Version 2.0, Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., 2021 www.ibu-epd.com

Ordinance on Biocide Products No. 528/2012

Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products

PCR Part A

PCR Part A: Calculation rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Background Report according to EN 15 804+A2:2019, Version 1.3, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., 2020.

PCR Part B

Product Category Rules for Building Products, Part B: Requirements on the EPD for plate glass for construction and interlayers, version 1.6, 2022 www.bau-umwelt.de





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